

## Subfossil spore-pollen spectra of mountainous areas: the case of the Kamchatka Peninsula

Mukhametshina, Ekaterina O., <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7305-2632>, [eomukhametshina@igras.ru](mailto:eomukhametshina@igras.ru)

*Institute of Geography RAS, Moscow, Russia*

[Abstract](#) [PDF](#) [ENG](#) [PDF](#) [RUS](#)

[Full text](#) [PDF](#) [RUS](#)

**Abstract.** The article presents the results of the composition analysis of 27 recent (surface) pollen assemblages collected in typical plant communities in the northern part of the Central Kamchatka Depression and on the surrounding slopes of the Sredinny Range and Klyuchevskaya Sopka volcano. Our data show that spore-pollen spectra reliably represent the composition of forest plant communities. However, the proportions of pollen in the spectra of some arboreal taxa does not always correspond to their role in plant communities. The adequacy of the spectra for plant communities is confirmed by cluster analysis, according to which the most statistically similar spore-pollen spectra are formed in similar plant communities. Regional components of the spectra in surface samples distort the ratios of main taxa in plant communities, especially in the high altitudinal vegetation belt. The participation of coniferous tree pollen in the spectra is underestimated compared to their actual presence in plant communities. These features must be considered when interpreting fossil spore-pollen spectra. Our materials made it possible to identify taxa whose pollen is often found in the spectra of the subalpine and alpine zones: *Alnus alnobetula*, Liliaceae, Polygonaceae, Asteraceae, *Saussurea*, and *Sanguisorba*. The strongest influence of local vegetation is observed in the spectra of swamps and coastal plant communities. The spectra of these communities usually contain pollen of *Alnus hirsuta*, *Salix*, and *Populus*, as well as Rosaceae, Cyperaceae, *Comarum*, *Myrica*, and *Menyanthes*, and spores of Polypodiaceae and *Equisetum*. Our materials will facilitate more reasonable reconstructions of Kamchatka vegetation based on the pollen analysis in the study of fossil pollen spectra of the Kamchatka Peninsula, as well as in the interpretation of pollen data from other mountainous regions.

### Keywords:

**subfossil spore-pollen spectra, pollen analysis, Kamchatka, Central Kamchatka Depression**

**For citation:** Mukhametshina E.O. Subfossil spore-pollen spectra of mountainous areas: the case of the Kamchatka Peninsula. *Geosistemy peredodnykh zon = Geosystems of Transition Zones*, 2024, vol. 8, no. 2, pp. 127–141. (In Russ., abstr. in Engl.)

<https://doi.org/10.30730/qtr.2024.8.2.127-141> ; <https://www.elibrary.ru/evlhaw>

### References

1. Braitseva O.A., Melekestsev I.V., Evteeva I.S., Lupikina E.G. **1968**. [*Stratigraphy of Quaternary deposits and glaciation of Kamchatka*]. Moscow: Nauka, 245 p. (In Russ.).
2. Boyarskaya T.D., Malaeva E.M. **1967**. [*Development of vegetation of Siberia and the Far East in the Quaternary*]. Moscow: Nauka, 201 p. (In Russ.).
3. Skiba L.A. **1975**. [*History of the development of vegetation of Kamchatka in the Late Cenozoic*]. Moscow: Nauka, 72 p. (In Russ.).
4. Grishin S.Yu. **1996**. *The vegetation of subalpine zone of Klyuchevskaya volcano group*. Vladivostok: Dalnauka, 156 p. (In Russ.).
5. [*Raw material resources of the Kamchatka region: Materials of the visiting session of the Commission on the problems of the North in 1957*]. **1961**. Moscow: Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 184 p. (In Russ.).
6. Neshataeva V.Yu. **2009**. *Vegetation of the Kamchatka Peninsula*. Moscow: KMK, 537 p. (In Russ.).
7. Grichuk V.P., Zaklinskaya E.D. **1948**. [*Analysis of fossil pollen and spores and its application to paleogeography*]. Moscow: OGIz, Geografiz, 224 p. (In Russ.).
8. Mazei N.G., Novenko E. Yu. **2021**. The use of propionic anhydride in the sample preparation for pollen analysis. *Nature Conservation Research. Reserve science*, 6(3): 110–112. <https://dx.doi.org/10.24189/ncr.2021.036>
9. Myachina A.I., Kazachikhina L.L., Mamontova I.B., Kalinina V.S. **1971**. [*Atlas of spores and pollen of some modern plants of the Far East*]. Khabarovsk, 86 p. (In Russ.).
10. Kupriyanova L.A., Aleshina L.A. **1972**. *Pollen and spores of plants from the flora of the European part of the USSR*. Vol. 1. Leningrad: Nauka, 184 p. (In Russ.).
11. Kupriyanova L.A., Aleshina L.A. **1978**. [*Pollen of dicotyledonous plants from the flora of the European part of the USSR. Lamiaceae-Zygophyllaceae*]. Leningrad: Nauka, 183 p. (In Russ.).

12. Bobrov A.E., Kupriyanova L.A., Litvintseva M.V., Tarasevich V.F. **1983**. [*Spores of ferns and pollen of gymnospermous and monocotyledonous plants of the flora of the European part of the USSR*]. Leningrad: Nauka, 303 p. (In Russ.).
13. Moore P.D., Webb J.A., Collison M.E. **1991**. *Pollen analysis*. Oxford: Blackwell scientific publications, 216 p.
14. Grimm E.C. **1990**. TILIA and TILIA GRAPH.PC spreadsheet and graphics software for pollen data. *INQUA, Working Group on Data-Handling Methods. Newsletter*, 4: 5–7.
15. Yakubov V.V., Chernyagina O.A. **2004**. *Catalog of the flora of Kamchatka (vascular plants)*. Petropavlovsk-Kamchatsky: Kamchatpress, 165 p. (In Russ.).
16. Petrash Z.N., Leunova V.M., Zinovyeva O.A. **2012**. The formation of surface pollen spectra in coniferous stands. *Izvestiya of the Samara Russian Academy of Sciences Scientific Center*, 14(1-6): 1512–1514. (In Russ.). EDN: RBVQXB
17. Raschke E.A., Savelieva L.A. **2017**. Subrecent spore-pollen spectra and modern vegetation from the Lena River Delta, Russian Arctic. *Contemporary Problems of Ecology*, 10: 395–410. (In Russ.). <https://doi.org/10.1134/s1995425517040084>
18. Mikishin Yu.A., Gvozdeva I.G. **2009**. *Subfossil spore-pollen complexes of Sakhalin Island and adjacent areas*. Vladivostok: Publ. of Far Eastern National University, 160 p. (In Russ.).
19. Novenko E.Yu., Mazei N.G., Zernitskaya V.P. **2017**. Recent pollen assemblages from protected areas of European Russia as a key to interpreting the results of paleoecological studies. *Nature Conservation Research. Reserve science*, 2(2): 55–65. (In Russ.). <https://dx.doi.org/10.24189/ncr.2017.012> ; EDN: VZQNVK
20. Mokhova L.M., Kudryavtseva E.P. **2022**. Subfossil pollen spectra as evidence of the altitudinal zonation of the Southern Sikhote-Alin. *Geosistemy perekhodnykh zon = Geosystems of Transition Zones*, 6(1): 43–53. (In Russ.). <https://doi.org/10.30730/gtr.2022.6.1.043-053>
21. Lapteva E.G. **2013**. Subfossil pollen spectra of modern vegetation in Southern Urals. *Vestnik Bashkirskogo un-ta*, 18(1): 77–81. (In Russ.). EDN: PYVRPH
22. Mokhova L.M. **2021**. Subfossil spore-pollen spectra as a reflection of the landscape diversity of the Lesser Kuril Ridge. *Biodiversity and Environment of Natural Areas*, 1: 3–30. (In Russ.). [http://doi.org/10.37102/2782-1978\\_2021\\_1\\_1](http://doi.org/10.37102/2782-1978_2021_1_1); EDN: HHIKEM
23. Novenko E.Y., Mazei N.G., Kupriyanov D.A., Filimonova L.V., Lavrova N.B. **2021**. Subfossil spore-pollen spectra from larch forests of central Evenkia: special aspects of interpretation for paleoecological research purposes. *Russian Journal of Ecology*, 52(6): 429–437. <http://doi.org/10.31857/S0367059721060093>
24. Mazei N.G., Kusilman M.V., Novenko E.Y. **2018**. The occurrence of *Carpinus*, *Fagus*, *Tilia*, and *Quercus* pollen in subrecent spore-pollen spectra from the East European plain: on the possibility of long-distance pollen transfer. *Russian Journal of Ecology*, 49(6): 484–491. <https://doi.org/10.1134/s1067413618050077>
25. Mokhova L.M., Eremenko N.A. **2020**. Pollen rain composition on Kunashir Island (Kuril Islands). *Biodiversity and Environment of Protected Areas*, 2: 3–37 (In Russ.). DOI: [10.25808/26186764.2020.15.81.001](https://doi.org/10.25808/26186764.2020.15.81.001); EDN: XLMZSH